SENATE BILL No. 140

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 27-2-22; IC 27-4-1-4.

Synopsis: Use of credit report information. Provides that: (1) a motor vehicle insurance rating plan may not use, as a rating factor, adverse credit report information; and (2) a motor vehicle insurer may not consider adverse credit report information in certain underwriting activities.

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Effective: July 1, 2004.

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January 6, 2004, read first time and referred to Committee on Insurance and Financial Institutions.



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Second Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2004)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2003 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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SENATE BILL No. 140

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning insurance.

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Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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- SECTION 1. IC 27-2-22 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS
 A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
 1, 2004]:
 - Chapter 22. Use of Credit Report Information by Motor Vehicle Insurers
 - Sec. 1. This chapter applies only to an applicant or a policyholder who is an individual.
 - Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "insurer" has the meaning set forth in IC 27-1-2-3(x).
 - Sec. 3. As used in this chapter, "motor vehicle insurance" means any kind of insurance described in IC 27-1-5-1, Class 2(f).
 - Sec. 4. Notwithstanding IC 27-2-21, a motor vehicle insurance rating plan filed under IC 27-1-22-4 may not use adverse information on an individual's credit report as a rating factor.
 - Sec. 5. Notwithstanding IC 27-2-21, in:
 - (1) deciding whether to issue; or
 - (2) setting the premium for;



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1	a motor venicle insurance policy, an insurer may not consider
2	adverse information on the credit report of an individual who
3	would be covered under the policy as a named insured or as the
4	spouse or family member of a named insured.
5	Sec. 6. A violation of this chapter by an insurer is an unfair and
6	deceptive act and practice in the business of insurance under
7	IC 27-4-1-4.
8	Sec. 7. This chapter is not intended to conflict with any
9	disclosure provisions of state law or the federal Truth in Lending
10	Act (15 U.S.C. 1601 et seq.) applying to lending institutions, credit
11	bureaus, or other credit service organizations that maintain or
12	distribute credit histories on insurance applicants or policyholders.
13	SECTION 2. IC 27-4-1-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.178-2003
14	SECTION 35, AS AMENDED BY P.L.201-2003, SECTION 2, AND
15	AS AMENDED BY P.L.211-2003, SECTION 1, IS CORRECTED
16	AND AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1,
17	2004]: Sec. 4. The following are hereby defined as unfair methods of
18	competition and unfair and deceptive acts and practices in the business
19	of insurance:
20	(1) Making, issuing, circulating, or causing to be made, issued, or
21	circulated, any estimate, illustration, circular, or statement:
22	(A) misrepresenting the terms of any policy issued or to be
23	issued or the benefits or advantages promised thereby or the
24	dividends or share of the surplus to be received thereon;
25	(B) making any false or misleading statement as to the
26	dividends or share of surplus previously paid on similar
27	policies;
28	(C) making any misleading representation or any
29	misrepresentation as to the financial condition of any insurer,
30	or as to the legal reserve system upon which any life insurer
31	operates;
32	(D) using any name or title of any policy or class of policies
33	misrepresenting the true nature thereof; or
34	(E) making any misrepresentation to any policyholder insured
35	in any company for the purpose of inducing or tending to
36	induce such policyholder to lapse, forfeit, or surrender his the
37	policyholder's insurance.
38	(2) Making, publishing, disseminating, circulating, or placing
39	before the public, or causing, directly or indirectly, to be made
40	published, disseminated, circulated, or placed before the public
41	in a newspaper, magazine, or other publication, or in the form of
42	a notice, circular, pamphlet, letter, or poster, or over any radio or





1	television station, or in any other way, an advertisement,
2	announcement, or statement containing any assertion,
3	representation, or statement with respect to any person in the
4	conduct of his the person's insurance business, which is untrue,
5	deceptive, or misleading.
6	(3) Making, publishing, disseminating, or circulating, directly or
7	indirectly, or aiding, abetting, or encouraging the making,
8	publishing, disseminating, or circulating of any oral or written
9	statement or any pamphlet, circular, article, or literature which is
10	false, or maliciously critical of or derogatory to the financial
11	condition of an insurer, and which is calculated to injure any
12	person engaged in the business of insurance.
13	(4) Entering into any agreement to commit, or individually or by
14	a concerted action committing any act of boycott, coercion, or
15	intimidation resulting or tending to result in unreasonable
16	restraint of, or a monopoly in, the business of insurance.
17	(5) Filing with any supervisory or other public official, or making,
18	publishing, disseminating, circulating, or delivering to any person,
19	or placing before the public, or causing directly or indirectly, to
20	be made, published, disseminated, circulated, delivered to any
21	person, or placed before the public, any false statement of
22	financial condition of an insurer with intent to deceive. Making
23	any false entry in any book, report, or statement of any insurer
24	with intent to deceive any agent or examiner lawfully appointed
25	to examine into its condition or into any of its affairs, or any
26	public official to which such insurer is required by law to report,
27	or which has authority by law to examine into its condition or into
28	any of its affairs, or, with like intent, willfully omitting to make a
29	true entry of any material fact pertaining to the business of such
30	insurer in any book, report, or statement of such insurer.
31	(6) Issuing or delivering or permitting agents, officers, or
32	employees to issue or deliver, agency company stock or other
33	capital stock, or benefit certificates or shares in any common law
34	corporation, or securities or any special or advisory board
35	contracts or other contracts of any kind promising returns and
36	profits as an inducement to insurance.
37	(7) Making or permitting any of the following:
38	(A) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same
39	class and equal expectation of life in the rates or assessments
40	charged for any contract of life insurance or of life annuity or
41	in the dividends or other benefits payable thereon, or in any
42	other of the terms and conditions of such contract; however, in



1	determining the class, consideration may be given to the	
2	nature of the risk, plan of insurance, the actual or expected	
3	expense of conducting the business, or any other relevant	
4	factor.	
5	(B) Unfair discrimination between individuals of the same	
6	class involving essentially the same hazards in the amount of	
7	premium, policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made	
8	for any policy or contract of accident or health insurance or in	
9	the benefits payable thereunder, or in any of the terms or	
10	conditions of such contract, or in any other manner whatever;	
11	however, in determining the class, consideration may be given	
12	to the nature of the risk, the plan of insurance, the actual or	
13	expected expense of conducting the business, or any other	
14	relevant factor.	
15	(C) Excessive or inadequate charges for premiums, policy	4
16	fees, assessments, or rates, or making or permitting any unfair	
17	discrimination between persons of the same class involving	
18	essentially the same hazards, in the amount of premiums,	
19	policy fees, assessments, or rates charged or made for:	
20	(i) policies or contracts of reinsurance or joint reinsurance, or abstract and title insurance;	
21 22	(ii) policies or contracts of insurance against loss or damage	
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	to aircraft, or against liability arising out of the ownership,	
24 25	maintenance, or use of any aircraft, or of vessels or craft, their cargoes, marine builders' risks, marine protection and	
26	indemnity, or other risks commonly insured under marine,	
27	as distinguished from inland marine, insurance; or	
28	(iii) policies or contracts of any other kind or kinds of	
29	insurance whatsoever.	
30	However, nothing contained in clause (C) shall be construed to	
31	apply to any of the kinds of insurance referred to in clauses (A)	
32	and (B) nor to reinsurance in relation to such kinds of insurance.	
33	Nothing in clause (A), (B), or (C) shall be construed as making or	
34	permitting any excessive, inadequate, or unfairly discriminatory	
35	charge or rate or any charge or rate determined by the department	
36	or commissioner to meet the requirements of any other insurance	
37	rate regulatory law of this state.	
38	(8) Except as otherwise expressly provided by law, knowingly	
39	permitting or offering to make or making any contract or policy	
40	of insurance of any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in	
10	or insurance or any kind or kinds whatsoever, including but not in	

limitation, life annuities, or agreement as to such contract or

policy other than as plainly expressed in such contract or policy



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issued thereon, or paying or allowing, or giving or offering to pay, allow, or give, directly or indirectly, as inducement to such insurance, or annuity, any rebate of premiums payable on the contract, or any special favor or advantage in the dividends, savings, or other benefits thereon, or any valuable consideration or inducement whatever not specified in the contract or policy; or giving, or selling, or purchasing or offering to give, sell, or purchase as inducement to such insurance or annuity or in connection therewith, any stocks, bonds, or other securities of any insurance company or other corporation, association, limited liability company, or partnership, or any dividends, savings, or profits accrued thereon, or anything of value whatsoever not specified in the contract. Nothing in this subdivision and subdivision (7) shall be construed as including within the definition of discrimination or rebates any of the following practices: (A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from

- (A) Paying bonuses to policyholders or otherwise abating their premiums in whole or in part out of surplus accumulated from nonparticipating insurance, so long as any such bonuses or abatement of premiums are fair and equitable to policyholders and for the best interests of the company and its policyholders.

 (B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the
- (B) In the case of life insurance policies issued on the industrial debit plan, making allowance to policyholders who have continuously for a specified period made premium payments directly to an office of the insurer in an amount which fairly represents the saving in collection expense.
- (C) Readjustment of the rate of premium for a group insurance policy based on the loss or expense experience thereunder, at the end of the first year or of any subsequent year of insurance thereunder, which may be made retroactive only for such policy year.
- (D) Paying by an insurer or agent insurance producer thereof duly licensed as such under the laws of this state of money, commission, or brokerage, or giving or allowing by an insurer or such licensed agent insurance producer thereof anything of value, for or on account of the solicitation or negotiation of policies or other contracts of any kind or kinds, to a broker, agent, an insurance producer, or a solicitor duly licensed under the laws of this state, but such broker, agent, insurance producer, or solicitor receiving such consideration shall not pay, give, or allow credit for such consideration as received in whole or in part, directly or indirectly, to the insured by way of









1	rebate.
2	(9) Requiring, as a condition precedent to loaning money upon the
3	security of a mortgage upon real property, that the owner of the
4	property to whom the money is to be loaned negotiate any policy
5	of insurance covering such real property through a particular
6	insurance agent producer or broker or brokers. However, this
7	subdivision shall not prevent the exercise by any lender of its or
8	his the lender's right to approve or disapprove of the insurance
9	company selected by the borrower to underwrite the insurance.
10	(10) Entering into any contract, combination in the form of a trust
11	or otherwise, or conspiracy in restraint of commerce in the
12	business of insurance.
13	(11) Monopolizing or attempting to monopolize or combining or
14	conspiring with any other person or persons to monopolize any
15	part of commerce in the business of insurance. However,
16	participation as a member, director, or officer in the activities of
17	any nonprofit organization of agents insurance producers or other
18	workers in the insurance business shall not be interpreted, in
19	itself, to constitute a combination in restraint of trade or as
20	combining to create a monopoly as provided in this subdivision
21	and subdivision (10). The enumeration in this chapter of specific
22	unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts and
23	practices in the business of insurance is not exclusive or
24	restrictive or intended to limit the powers of the commissioner or
25	department or of any court of review under section 8 of this
26	chapter.
27	(12) Requiring as a condition precedent to the sale of real or
28	personal property under any contract of sale, conditional sales
29	contract, or other similar instrument or upon the security of a
30	chattel mortgage, that the buyer of such property negotiate any
31	policy of insurance covering such property through a particular
32	insurance company, agent, insurance producer, or broker or
33	brokers. However, this subdivision shall not prevent the exercise
34	by any seller of such property or the one making a loan thereon of
35	his, her, or its the right to approve or disapprove of the insurance
36	company selected by the buyer to underwrite the insurance.
37	(13) Issuing, offering, or participating in a plan to issue or offer,
38	any policy or certificate of insurance of any kind or character as
39	an inducement to the purchase of any property, real, personal, or
40	mixed, or services of any kind, where a charge to the insured is
41	not made for and on account of such policy or certificate of
42	insurance. However, this subdivision shall not apply to any of the



1	following:
2	(A) Insurance issued to credit unions or members of credit
3	unions in connection with the purchase of shares in such credit
4	unions.
5	(B) Insurance employed as a means of guaranteeing the
6	performance of goods and designed to benefit the purchasers
7	or users of such goods.
8	(C) Title insurance.
9	(D) Insurance written in connection with an indebtedness and
.0	intended as a means of repaying such indebtedness in the
.1	event of the death or disability of the insured.
.2	(E) Insurance provided by or through motorists service clubs
.3	or associations.
4	(F) Insurance that is provided to the purchaser or holder of an
.5	air transportation ticket and that:
.6	(i) insures against death or nonfatal injury that occurs during
.7	the flight to which the ticket relates;
. 8	(ii) insures against personal injury or property damage that
9	occurs during travel to or from the airport in a common
20	carrier immediately before or after the flight;
21	(iii) insures against baggage loss during the flight to which
.2	the ticket relates; or
23	(iv) insures against a flight cancellation to which the ticket
24	relates.
2.5	(14) Refusing, because of the for-profit status of a hospital or
26	medical facility, to make payments otherwise required to be made
2.7	under a contract or policy of insurance for charges incurred by an
28	insured in such a for-profit hospital or other for-profit medical
29	facility licensed by the state department of health.
30	(15) Refusing to insure an individual, refusing to continue to issue
31	insurance to an individual, limiting the amount, extent, or kind of
32	coverage available to an individual, or charging an individual a
33	different rate for the same coverage, solely because of that
34	individual's blindness or partial blindness, except where the
35	refusal, limitation, or rate differential is based on sound actuarial
66	principles or is related to actual or reasonably anticipated
37	experience.
8	(16) Committing or performing, with such frequency as to
19	indicate a general practice, unfair claim settlement practices (as
10	defined in section 4.5 of this chapter).
1	(17) Between policy renewal dates, unilaterally canceling an
12	individual's coverage under an individual or group health



insurance policy solely because of the individual's medical or physical condition.	
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3 (18) Using a policy form or rider that would permit a cancellation	
4 of coverage as described in subdivision (17).	
5 (19) Violating IC 27-1-22-25 or IC 27-1-22-26 concerning motor	
6 vehicle insurance rates.	
7 (20) Violating IC 27-8-21-2 concerning advertisements referring	
8 to interest rate guarantees.	
9 (21) Violating IC 27-8-24.3 concerning insurance and health plan	
coverage for victims of abuse.	
11 (22) Violating IC 27-8-26 concerning genetic screening or testing.	
12 (23) Violating IC 27-1-15.6-3(b) concerning licensure of	
insurance producers.	
14 (24) Violating IC 27-1-38 concerning depository institutions.	
15 (25) Violating IC 27-8-28-17(c) or IC 27-13-10-8(c) concerning	
the resolution of an appealed grievance decision.	
17 (25) (26) Violating IC 27-8-5-2.5(e) through IC 27-8-5-2.5(j) or	
18 IC 27-8-5-19.2.	
19 (25) (27) Violating IC 27-2-21 concerning use of credit	
20 information.	
(28) Violating IC 27-2-22 concerning use of credit report	
information by motor vehicle insurers.	
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